



Priya's Learning Centre

Human Physiology (Digestion & Absorption)





Q.1: The upper surface of the tongue has small projections called _____.

- a) epiglottis
- b) papillae
- c) thecodont

Q.2: The opening of the stomach into the duodenum is guarded by the _____.

- a) caecum
- b) ileum
- c) pyloric sphincter

Q.3: The innermost layer lining the lumen of the alimentary canal is the _____.

- a) mucosa
- b) serosa
- c) none

Q.4: What does the exocrine portion of pancreas secrete ?

- a) hormones
- b) insulin
- c) alkaline pancreatic juice

Q.5: The process of passage of food through oesophagus into stomach is known as _____.

- a) deglutition
- b) mastication
- c) dihyodont

Q.6: _____ present in saliva acts as an antibacterial agent that prevents infections.

- a) Amylase
- b) Lysozyme
- c) Both

Q.7: _____ is a proteolytic enzyme found in gastric juice of infants which helps in the digestion of milk proteins.

- a) Rennin
- b) Pepsin
- c) Mucus

Q.8: Carbohydrates in the chyme are hydrolysed by pancreatic amylase into

_____.

- a) monoglycerides
- b) disaccharides
- c) nucleotides

Q.9: The principal organ for absorption of nutrients is _____.

- a) mouth
- b) large intestine
- c) small intestine

Q.10: The breakdown of biomacromolecules occurs in the _____ region of small intestine.

- a) ileum
- b) jejunum
- c) duodenum

Answers:

1. b
2. c
3. a
4. c
5. a
6. b
7. a
8. b
9. c
10. c

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